



# Ubisense

## Ubisense Protocol Addresses and Port Ranges

For version 3.2

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# Introduction

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Ubisense uses a number of protocols to manage its sensor network, services and clients. These protocols all use the User Datagram Protocol (UDP), either via a unicast routing scheme or multicast.

The Ubisense system uses one well-known port for its basic protocol configuration protocol (see section [Configuration Protocol \(UDP Unicast, with Broadcast Fall Back\)](#)), but in every other case the address and port ranges are reconfigurable via the Ubisense configuration protocol (accessed through the command-line tool `ubisense_configuration_client.exe`, found in the `\bin` directory of the platform installation).

This document has been updated to describe the following:

- How to view the currently defined dynamic port range in use
- How to configure/restrict the dynamic port ranges in use
- Details of the protocols and the configuration options available

## Port Ranges - An Overview

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Ubisense utilizes three port ranges within its applications and services. These port ranges are used as follows:

1. A set of Ubisense primary UDP ports, in the range 49979 to 49983.
2. A set of dynamic ports (UDP/TCP connections) that Ubisense applications/services use to intercommunicate. These ports are allocated in response to a bind(0) call, with the range of ports that can provide being defined at the OS level.
3. A set of dynamic ports (UDP Multicast) used to exchange state and configuration information between Ubisense applications/services via a proprietary NAK-based reliable multicast protocol.

The following sub-sections provide additional information of each of these port ranges, details of how to display the current default dynamic port range in use, and how to configure/restrict the dynamic port range, if required.

### **Multicast**

To support the Ubisense services and sensors in multicast mode the following UDP multicast address ranges need to be enabled on the network switches between the Platform and the UWB sensors:

- 239.192.0.1 to 239.192.255.255(239.192.\*.\*)
- 239.195.255.255(239.195.255.255)
- 239.255.255.0 to 239.255.255.255(239.255.255.\*)

## Primary UDP Ports

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The set of Ubisense primary ports, in the range 49979 to 49983, are as follows:

### 49979 – Distributed Logging (UDP Multicast)

All Ubisense applications, services and clients report log messages to this port (on the default multicast address 239.255.255.254). The Ubisense logging service listens on this port and writes this information to the log files. In addition the command-line tool 'ubisense\_monitor\_receiver' provides the same function but displays log messages in a command window (Windows & Linux).

### 49980 – Configuration Protocol (UDP Unicast, with Broadcast fallback)

Network protocol configuration for any Ubisense application or service (including Ubisense Clients and Ubisense Sensors). This port is fixed and cannot be changed.

### 49981 – Service Finder Protocol (UDP Multicast)

Used to locate services on a network. Uses the default multicast IP address 239.195.255.255, which can be changed via the command-line tool 'ubisense\_configuration\_client'.

### 49982 – Sensor Calibration (UDP Multicast)

Enables sensors to pass calibration data to the Platform.

### 49983 – Site Connector (TCP)

Site Connector, consisting of separate Server & Client components, can be used to tunnel the Ubisense protocols across a TCP/IP connection, effectively making two disjoint networks appear to be connected to the same instance of the Platform. It is invariably used to allow remote access to a system or to connect clients to the Server when running in unicast mode.

Site Connector Server uses the default port 49983 to allow Site Connector Clients to connect. The port number, though, is configurable via 'ubisense\_configuration\_client' by setting the platform parameter 'tunnel\_server\_port' as required. Additional ports that the user may wish to set are covered in the Site Connector User Manual, which for reference are listed below:

tunnel_server_port	Default=49983
calibration_server_port	<as required>
tunnel_sensors_status_relay_port	<as required>
tunnel_unicast_relay_port	<as required>

## Summary of Primary UDP Ports

The following table provides a list of the ports in the range 49979 to 49983 that are utilized by the Ubisense applications and services to establish the basic inter-service/application functionality.

Function	Port	Default Multicast Addr
Distributed logging	49979 (configurable)	239.255.255.254
Configuration Protocol	49980 (fixed)	n/a
Service Finder	49981 (configurable)	239.255.255.255
Sensor Calibration	49982 (configurable)	239.255.255.253
Site Connector	49983 (configurable)	n/a



## Dynamic Ports (UDP/TCP connections)

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The set of dynamic ports (UDP/TCP connections) that Ubisense applications/services use to intercommunicate are allocated in response to a bind(0) call, with the range of ports that can be utilized being defined at the OS level.

When restricting the dynamic ports to use the following should be noted:

All Ubisense (and third-party) applications and services that use the bind(0) method of requesting UDP/TCP ports will be affected by any change. When setting (especially restricting) the port range it is important to consider ALL port requirements and set the range accordingly. Failure to provide sufficient dynamic ports will result in Ubisense applications and/or services failing to start-up correctly, resulting in reduced functionality.

### Display the Default Dynamic Port Range (Windows)

For Windows based servers the default dynamic port range (for both UDP and TCP connections) can be displayed using the following command (via a command-prompt):

```
netsh interface ipv4 show dynamicportrange udp
netsh interface ipv4 show dynamicportrange tcp
```

This outputs the following:

Protocol udp	Dynamic Port Range	Protocol tcp	Dynamic Port Range
-----	-----	-----	-----
Start Port	: 49152	Start Port	: 49152
Number of Ports	: 16384	Number of Ports	: 16384

Which results in the port range 49152 to 65535 being available to both UDP and TCP bind(0) requests.

## Setting the Default Dynamic Port Range (Windows)

To restrict the port range that bind(0) provides the following commands can be used (from a command-line, run as Administrator):

```
netsh interface ipv4 set dynamicportrange protocol=udp  
startport= <#> numberofports= <#>
```

```
netsh interface ipv4 set dynamicportrange protocol=tcp  
startport= <#> numberofports= <#>
```

To set the dynamic ports for both UDP and TCP connections to 60000 to 61999 (for example) would be as follows (the Ubisense Core and Local Controllers would require restarting):

```
netsh interface ipv4 set dynamicportrange protocol=udp startport=60000  
numberofports=2000
```

```
netsh interface ipv4 set dynamicportrange protocol=tcp startport=60000 numberofports=2000
```

## Display the Default Dynamic Port Range (Linux)

For Linux based servers the default dynamic port range (for both UDP and TCP connections) can be displayed using the following command (via a command-prompt, must be logged in as 'root'):

```
sysctl net.ipv4.ip_local_port_range
```

Which would output (for example):

```
net.ipv4.ip_local_port_range = 3276861000
```

Resulting in the port range 32768 to 61000 being available to both UDP and TCP bind(0) requests.

## Setting the Default Dynamic Port Range (Linux)

To set a port range use (must be logged in as 'root'):

```
echo 17210 32768 > /proc/sys/net/ipv4/ip_local_port_range
```

or

```
sudo sysctl -w net.ipv4.ip_local_port_range="32768 49978"
```

Finally, to make the changes permanent you can either append the following line to your `/etc/sysctl.conf` file:

```
# increase system IP port limits
```

```
net.ipv4.ip_local_port_range = "32768 49978"
```

or place the following in an init script, such as: `/etc/rc.d/rc.local`

```
sysctl -w net.ipv4.ip_local_port_range="32768 49978"
```

Dynamic Ports (UDP Multicast)  
A set of Dynamic UDP Multicast ports used to exchange state and configuration information between Ubisense applications/services via a proprietary NAK-based reliable multicast protocol.

The multicast IP addresses and port usage are configurable via the Ubisense command line tool 'ubisense\_configuration\_client' by setting the following configuration parameters 'multicast\_min', 'multicast\_max' & 'multicast\_base\_port'.

The default values for these three parameters are as follows:

```
multicast_min239.192.0.1
```

```
multicast_max239.192.255.255  
multicast_base_port55000
```

The range of available UDP multicast ports will be 55000 up to 65535.

## Display the Default Dynamic UDP Multicast Port Range

To view the currently used UDP multicast ports the Ubisense tool 'UbisenseMulticastAdmin.exe' (Windows only) can be used (which is installed by default in the 'c:\Program Files (x86)\Ubisense 2.1\bin' folder).

## Restricting the Default Dynamic UDP Multicast Port Range

To restrict the multicast port range to (for example) 62000 to 65535 the following commands can be used via the Ubisense command-line tool 'ubisense\_configuration\_client' (Windows):

```
ubisense_configuration_client set multicast_min 239.192.0.1  
ubisense_configuration_client set multicast_max 239.192.255.255  
ubisense_configuration_client set multicast_base_port 62000
```

On Linux based servers add the above lines to the 'platform.conf' file.

Note: If you do change the multicast port range the Ubisense Core and Local Controllers should be stopped, the file 'UMulticast%Assigned.udata' (in the top level folder of your Dataset) should be deleted and the Core and Local Controller restarted. This process ensures the multicast ports being used are re-established, ensuring the new port range is adopted - a new 'UMulticast%Assigned.udata' file will be created in the Dataset folder.

# Protocol Address Ranges: Defaults and Configuration Options

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The following sub-sections detail the default protocol address ranges and the available configuration options for each of the following:

- Configuration Protocol (UDP unicast, with Broadcast fall-back)
- Distributed Logging (UDP Multicast)
- Event Channel Protocol (UDP Multicast)
- Service Finder Protocol (UDP Multicast)
- Remote Operations Protocol (UDP Unicast)

In addition, information is provided on the following:

- Multi-networked Machine Configuration

# Configuration Protocol (UDP Unicast, with Broadcast Fall Back)

---

## Purpose

To set up the network protocol configuration for any Ubisense program (i.e. every Ubisense client or service; every Ubisense sensor).

## Implementation

The Ubisense core server listens on a well-known port for a configuration request in a single UDP packet. When a request is received it returns configuration data in a single unicast UDP packet addressed to the sender of the configuration request.

## Parameters

The core server listens on the well-known port 49980. Ubisense programs contact the configuration server using one of three methods to determine the IP address of the core server machine:

1. For sensors, the address can be written to flash memory on the sensor
2. Failing this the program uses the DNS entry 'ubisenseconfig'
3. Failing this the program sends the configuration request as a broadcast message

## Provision:

Unicast UDP must be routed between the Ubisense core server and all network devices running Ubisense software. If the DNS method is not used to identify the Ubisense core server, and you wish to run Ubisense programs on non-sensor hardware, you must route broadcast traffic for port 49980 so that all Ubisense programs can contact the core server. If the DNS method is used, the configuration protocol will only use unicast traffic.

# Distributed Logging (UDP Multicast or UDP Unicast)

---

## Purpose

To gather tracing (e.g. logging messages, warnings) from Ubisense programs and sensors and store it in a central location.

## Implementation

Programs send text in UDP multicast messages to the channel 'monitor\_mcast\_addr:monitor\_mcast\_port'.

## Parameters

The parameters are sent to programs via the configuration protocol and can be specified using `ubisense_configuration_client`.

The pairs of {parameter name, default value} are given below:

```
{"monitor_mcast_addr", "239.255.255.254" }
```

```
{"monitor_mcast_port", 49979 }
```

If unicast monitoring is preferred, then these parameters must be set (again, parameter name and default value are given):

```
{"unicast_monitor_address", ""}
```

```
{"unicast_monitor_port", 0}
```

If these parameters are set, then multicast will not be used. That is, unicast monitoring will override multicast.

## Provision

If multicast monitoring is chosen, the network must route multicast traffic for the specified channel.



# Service Finder Protocol (UDP Multicast)

---

## Purpose

To locate Ubisense services on the network.

## Implementation

Each Ubisense service listens on the multicast channel `finder_group:finder_port`. To locate a service, a program multicasts a service request for that service to the channel. The identified service replies by multicasting a service response to the same channel.

## Parameters

The parameters are sent to programs via the configuration protocol and can be specified using `ubisense_configuration_client`.

The pairs of {parameter name, default value} are given below:

```
{ "finder_group", "239.195.255.255" }
```

```
{ "finder_port", 49981 }
```

## Provision

If Ubisense services or thick clients are to run across multiple machines on a network, the network must route multicast traffic for the specified channel.

# Event Channel Protocol (UDP Multicast)

---

## Purpose

To propagate Ubisense configuration and application state reliably between Ubisense programs.

## Implementation

For each Ubisense service, a proprietary NAK-based reliable multicast protocol is implemented by sending messages over a single multicast channel. Services will choose one of a set of available channels as specified below. If very few channels are available then multiple services can share a single multicast channel, but this is generally less efficient than having a single channel available for each service.

## Parameters

The parameters are sent to programs via the configuration protocol and can be specified using `ubisense_configuration_client`.

The pairs of {parameter name, default value} are given below:

```
{ "multicast_min", "239.192.0.1" }
```

```
{ "multicast_max", "239.192.255.255" }
```

```
{ "multicast_base_port", 55000 }
```

(multicast ports are used from `multicast_base_port` to up to 65535).

The (Windows only) application `UbisenseMulticastAdmin.exe` (in the Ubisense `\bin` directory) can be used to inspect the actual multicast channels in use by services. This can be used to check how many channels you need.

## Provision

The network must route multicast traffic for the range of channels specified by the configuration parameters.

# Remote Operations Protocol (UDP Unicast)

---

## Purpose

To perform invocations of procedures on Ubisense services.

## Implementation

Ubisense services bind to a port on their host machine using `bind(0)` so that the machine will allocate an available port. They listen for UDP requests on this port and respond with UDP unicast datagrams sent to the sender address of the request.

## Parameters

There are no specific parameters at the Ubisense level because the port used is allocated by the host machine as a result of the `bind(0)` request.

## Provision

The network must route UDP unicast traffic to/from any port that may be allocated via `bind(0)` for any machine running Ubisense programs.

# Multi-networked Machine Configuration

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## Purpose

In some machines which contain multiple network interfaces it can be desirable to specify that the Ubisense programs use one specific network interface.

## Parameters

The network interface can be specified using the Windows registry (or using the platform.conf file on Linux machines).

{ "platform\_interface", (no default value) }